OLD ENGLAND:
OR,
The *BROADBOTTOM JOURNAL.*

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1747. [N°. 157.]

Qualem commendes etiam atq; etiam aſpice, ne mox
Incutiant aliena tibi peccata pudorem. HOR.

THERE are who ſay, that this late Revolution in *Holland* is a Prize drawn by our COALIZERS in the Lottery of Fortune: What Sort of People have Fortune is evident to every one who can but read our *Premier* —— or rather *Primer*, as it is vulgarly ſpelt, and *A. B. C.* his elder Brother and Collegue in the Government —— of Children; for I think the Horn-Book may be well call'd the *Primer*'s elder Brother. But, in my Opinion, theſe Sort of *Atomiſts*, as I may call them, who are ſo very fond of imputing every thing to Chance, are in this Point miſtaken; for whoever gives himſelf the Pleaſure of Retroſpection into the Conduct of the War, will find the Meaſures of the *Coalition* ſo very profoundly miſterious and deep, that it requires an uncommon Sagacity and Penetration to fathom them, as they work like Moles under Ground, and bear a great Affinity with thoſe expert Pioners in every thing except their *Blindneſs*. They have likewiſe a great Reſemblance with Serpents, as their politic Ways are ſo crooked and mazy that few can explore them, and Serpents you know are Emblems of Wiſdom and Policy; join'd to this, they have the *natural Simplicity* of the *undeſigning* Dove: Poor good-natur'd Creatures! how innocent of Harm they look and act?

As therefore the *Coalition* is compoſed of Individuals made up of ſuch Ingredients, or, to ſpeak more properly, Qualities; and that their Meaſures are unmeaſurably unintelligible, why ſhould we refuſe them the Honour of having ſown the pregnant Seed of this plentiful Revolution-Harveſt in *Holland*, ſince they are like to *reap* the Benefit of it? And, as it written, *That he who ſows ſhall reap*, it is alſo written, *That the Labourer is worthy of his Hire*; 'tis therefore to me apparent, that it was their Induſtry and Endeavours that intereſted Providence to bring about this great Event; more eſpecially when I conſider we obtain nothing by only *lying in a Ditch, and crying out Lord! Lord!*

There is a Spirit of Malignancy that predominates in this free Nation, ſo as to envy ſuperior Abilities and great Actions: Fain would I prevail on my Countrymen to come into my Way of Thinking, and render to the *Coalition the Things that are theirs*, if they ſcruple them the Virtue and Honour of having ſown, like the good Huſbandman in the Day-Time, the pure wheaten Seed of this Revolution, 'tis hop'd however they may have no Objection to allow them the Qualities of the Enemy of Mankind, in having ſown the *Tares* of it in the Night; for tho', in the Opinion of the *French*, their ſecret political Turns and Intricacies may well bring them under that Denomination, yet ſurely, in reſpect of our Intereſts, are they not Angels of Light? So that the Generality do but agree with me in giving our *Coalition* their *juſt Due* in this Particular, they may conſider them in what *Light* or *Darkneſs* they pleaſe; and even ſuppoſing they deal with the *black Gentleman*, they are not the firſt in that Way, ſince the famous *Fauſtus*, a Doctor in Politics, ow'd all his Reputation for conjuring to him: But I appeal to the Obſervation of all my Countrymen, whether, if they conſider Things impartially, they can, without violating their Conſciences, bring in a Verdict of *Conjuration* againſt our *Coalizers*; no, they can't, and therefore this Revolution is the Effect of their virtuous Skill in Politics, and that there is Virtue in Politics, nobody will deny but *Machiavel* and his Brother *G——lle*, who was going by one bold Stroke to finiſh the War before it had well begun, as an honeſt *Iriſhman* would have phras'd it; and for doing it effectually, would not have ſpar'd his Royal Maſter's Kinſman, that ſtood in the Way of his Politics, for the Intereſt of his Country, threatning, as *Sertorius* did *Pompey*, to whip the Boy back again: But Heaven interpos'd, and rais'd the *Coalition* to ſave him, and lengthen out the War into a decent Proportion, both by Sea and Land, for the *Diverſion* of *Europe*, the Emolument of certain Particulars, and their own immortal Honour.

That this Revolution was the right handed Work of the *Coalizers*, is evident to me from another Inſtance, if any Regard is to be given to our News-Papers, the daily Records of undoubted Truth! 'Tis ſaid, nay, it is written, printed, and publiſh'd, that there has been lately a great deal of Buſineſs done in a certain Office, which has been noted for having very little to do, ever ſince a certain great Statesman left it; inſomuch, that my Lord *Witlove* has thought it incumbent upon him to augment the Salaries of his Clerks, on Account of the *great Fatigue* they have lately undergone, and what could it be but in *Stadtholderizing?* Very conſiderate truly! moſt commendable and right-worthy! and the more ſo, as it is as true, that this Augmentation is to be at the Expence of his own private Purſe, as what was ſaid in the ſame Papers of a certain *prime* Land-Admiral's Intention to apply the Sallary, and *other Benefits* of his Place, for the comfortable Relief of diſabled Seamen. I believe all Mankind concur in giving the aforeſaid great Man the Title of Generous, which, like Charity in others, begins with him always at home: That his Clerks may be well call'd his Domeſtics, there is hardly any body will deny; eſpecially, as he has made them ſo by theſe Extraordinaries or Augmentations in their Salaries; for were theſe to be at the public Expence, the Generoſity and Merit of the Action would ceaſe, and his L——— be look'd upon as affecting Popularity among a few Clerks, by laviſhing away the Public Money, in which he has given us ſuch a notable Inſtance of *Menage* and Oeconomy, as even to ſtrip his R—— M—— of the Superfluities of R—g—l Pomp, which ſerv'd only to amuſe the Vulgar, and to diſtinguiſh the Train of a K—— from that of a Lord-Mayor; as rightly judging that true Greatneſs conſiſts, not in external Ornaments and the Vanity of Equipage, but in the Superiority of the Mind and glorious Actions: So that, if he proceeds further in his Reformation of Excreſſences, by lopping off a Brace of Horſes from his M—— Coach, it may not be at all amiſs; provided he goes on with the ſame laudable Spirit of augmenting Sallaries, in theſe expenſive Times of War and Tumult, ſo as our *Clerklings* may be the better enabled to ſet up their Equipages, and pay the grievous Tax of *Wheel* Money.

As his M——— goes but very ſeldom abroad, it is for the Good of the Public, that his Train ſhould be leſſen'd for the Benefit of thoſe who are more frequently in the Eye, and ſeen to roll away with ſo much Eclat every *Sunday* thro' the Duſt to all the neighbouring *Villas* about the Town; and then we may expect to hear that theſe kind of Gentry will rather imitate Kings in their Way of Living, than in Dying —— with their Debts along with them.

But 'tis hop'd that, in this Augmentation, the ingenious *Gazetteer* has not been forgot, who, by his Deputy's Deputy, has dealt ſo fairly and faithfully by the Public during the late Rebellion: His Tenderneſs of frightening us with diſagreeable Truths, at ſuch a critical Juncture, was very humanely political, and ought never to be forgot. The Approbation his Conduct met with then, encourages him to treat us in the ſame Way at preſent, in the Advices from *H———d*, which, tho' they ſeem to be ſomewhat awkwardly curtail'd, yet it is done with a wond'rous *honeſt* Intention of *quieting* our Minds: This however, among ſome refractory Spirits, has a quite different Effect, who are always apt to imagine the worſt; and, becauſe that it is not mentioned in the laſt Advices what occaſion'd *the Abſence of a certain General Officer*, ſo as that another ſupplied his Place in the Retreat of our Troops, they immediately take it for granted, that that very Officer has fallen into the Hands of the *French*; and the Ambiguity, with regard to *Huſſt* in general, is to ſuch People very unſatisfactory, as they murmur at the *Gazetteer*'s Tenderneſs, and ſay, that, as he is paid by the Public, he ought to give the Public the Truth, according to the exact Letter of the Expreſs, and at the firſt Opportunity.

Should this Spirit of Reformation on one Side, and Augmentation on the other,—this taking from and adding to,—this pulling down and raiſing up,—this paradoxical Conduct,—this Medley of Parſimony and Liberality,—this ſomething or this nothing of reforming,—take a Run, we may expect to hear that the ancient Orders of Gentlemen Penſioners and *Beef-eating* Guards will be next voted uſeleſs and diſmiſs'd, to augment the Sallaries of the Clerks in the *other* Office of State, where it muſt be confeſs'd abundance of buſy Scribbling has gone forward of late, and that therefore they deſerve there an equal Conſideration at leaſt with the other Office; where they have had for a long Time nothing elſe to do, or divert their tedious Hours with, than to pen down and retail away their Maſter's Smacks of Wit and *Conundrums quaint*; while theſe yet-unaugmented Clerks are altogether innocent of that kind of Amuſement, as they are for the moſt Part under the Direction of Stocks and *Stones*, excepting that they may be now and then diverted with a Song of Command from *mad Tom* of *Bedlam*, who, like the Hero of the Song, may not fancy himſelf to be a very Monarch, yet affects to paſs for a Statesman of great Importance among the *Coalition*.

As I hear that one of our S————s is to go over into *Holland*, as well to congratulate with the *Stadholder* on his Advancement, as to inſinuate the *ſecret* Part which our *Coalizers* ſo dextrouſly acted in that Behalf, I take Leave to object againſt the generous Augmenter of Sallaries for that Employment, not only as he has already had his Shase of going abroad unſucceſsfully, but as Wit and *Dutch* Air, like Oil and Water, don't ſeem to mingle well: I would

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2refore give my Voice for one who has been never ſuſpected of that Talent, as the propereſt Perſon for the People he is to addreſs, and the *Coalition* he is to repreſent; provided he can be prevail'd with to leave his Cook behind him, as I apprehend there may be ſome Danger, from the innate Love he may bear his Country, of his conveying his Maſter's Syſtem and Art of Governing to the Enemy, and thereby make the *Cardinal* as great a Stateſman as himſelf.

LONDON.

We hear *Bronſo*'s two notable Speeches for and againſt one another and the *Hanoverian* Troops, will be ſpeedily put into Rehearſal, at the New Chocolate-Houſe in the Haymarket, with a Diſplay of his *unembarraſs'd Countenance*, by the ingenious Mr. *Foote*.

The Right Hon. the Houſe of Peers have adjourn'd to Monday next.

A Bill is ordered into Parliament, for allowing Perſons impeach'd of High Treaſon, whereby any Corruption of Blood may be made, or for Miſpriſion of ſuch Treaſon, to make their full Defence in Counſel.

A Report prevails, that a third Highland Regiment will be quickly raiſed, and the Command of it beſtowed on a young Nobleman of an illuſtrious Family.

The Hon. Major General Huſk is appointed Commander in Chief of the Britiſh Forces in Zealand, and will ſpeedily embark for that Place. Two Battalions out of the firſt Regiment of Guards are ordered thither, and are to embark this Day.

The Right Hon. Lord Percival, and Lord Trentham, Son of Earl Gower, are generally talked of as Candidates for the City of Weſtminſter.

Thurſday being the Feaſt of the Sons of the Clergy, the Rev. Dr. Hayter, Archdeacon of York, and one of the Prebends of Weſtminſter-Abby, preached at St. Paul's on that Occaſion, and took his Text out of the 6th Chapter of Hebrews and the 10th Verſe.

After Divine Service was over they proceeded in Grand Proceſſion to Merchant-Taylors Hall, where a very elegant Entertainment was provided, and the greateſt Collection made that has been known. The Money on the Day of Rehearſal and Thurſday amounted to more than One Thouſand and Fifty Pounds.

The Beginning of this Week died at Oxford, the Rev. Dr. Conybeare, Dean of Chriſt's Church there.

We hear he will be ſucceeded by the Rev. Dr. Nichols Head-Maſter of Weſtminſter-School.

SITTINGS appointed in London and Middleſex, before the Right Hon. Sir WILLIAM LEE, Knt. Lord Chief Juſtice of his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench at Weſtminſter, in and after Eaſter Term, 1747.

Middleſex.		London.	
Friday	May 8,	Tueſday	May 12,
Wedneſday	13,	Friday	15,
Tueſday	19,	Thurſday	21,
Tueſday	26.	Saturday	30.
After Term.		After Term.	
Tueſday	June 2.	Wedneſday	June 3.

Tueſday Mr. Baron Reynolds, and Mr. Baron Clive, went to the Court-Houſe at St. Margaret's-Hill, Southwark; Peter Theobald, and Henry Hall, Eſqrs. two other Commiſſioners in the King's Commiſſion for the Trial of the Rebel Priſoners, were alſo preſent and the Court adjourn'd to Thurſday the 28th Inſtant, when it is expected they will proceed on Buſineſs.

Tueſday Sir James Kinloch, Bart. and his two Brothers Charles and Alexander, who were under Sentence of Death in the New Jail, Southwark, for High Treaſon, were diſcharged from that Priſon by an Order from his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, and delivered into the Cuſtody of one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers.

Tueſday the Earl of Moreton (who has been ſome Time Priſoner in France) and his Lady, arrived at their Houſe in Brook-Street, Groſvenor-Square.

As two Gentlewomen were going laſt Sunday thro' Norwood, near Dulwich, they found a very young Female Infant, ſuppoſed to be dropp'd by ſome mercileſs Parent; and having ordered it to be taken up, had it brought to Camberwell Church, where it was baptized before the whole Congregation by the Name of Anna-Maria Norwood, the two Gentlewomen being Godmothers, and a Gentleman in their Company Godfather.

Laſt Monday Mrs. Simmonds, of Iſlington, aged 82, was married to a briſk young Fellow of that Town; there was a great Concourſe of People attended the Ceremony, and the Bride ſeem'd well pleaſed with her Choice, and look'd very gay upon the Occaſion.

On Saturday laſt the Wife of William Foxwell, a Weaver in Hunt Street, Spital-Fields, hanged herſelf with a Skain of Worſted in her Huſband's Loom.

Yeſterday Se'nnight Tho. Richards, Will. Gill, and James Kemmings, all Shoemakers, born in Ireland, were executed at Guildford, purſuant to their Sentence at the laſt Surry Aſſizes, for Street Robbery. They behaved very decent, and Richards at the Gallows deſired Gill to forgive him for making an Information againſt him, which he readily complied with, and ſaid it was the ſame Thing to him, whether he died then or twenty Years hence.

Laſt Week the Maid of Mr. Edmonds, a Gardener in Kent-ſtreet Road, going to the Neceſſary-Houſe very early in the Morning was attack'd by a Gang of Rogues; one of whom preſented a Piſtol to her Breaſt, and threatned to ſhoot her if ſhe ſpoke a Word; then tied her Hands behind her, cramm'd her Mouth full of Dung, ſtripp'd her of all her Cloaths, and made off There were near 30 People at Work in the Garden, within 40 Yards of the Place.

They write from Norwich, that a few Days ſince the following unhappy Affair happened within a few Miles of that City; viz. A Grazier, who had bought ſome Scotch Cattle, ſeeing them begin to tire in the Night as they were driving, and finding a Field-Gate open to the Road, drove his Cattle into it (the Cattle belonging to the Maſter of the Field being taken out the Night before, and drove into a Barn) Early in the Morning the Drover came to take out his Cattle, but on finding one of them dead, he dug a Hole in the Field, and buried his dead Beaſt in it; but when the Farmer turned his Cattle in ſoon after, he was ſurpriz'd to ſee them ſo extremely uneaſy, running about as if mad, making a great Noiſe, aſſembling themſelves about the Place where the Drover had buried the Bullock, and there paw'd and ſcrap'd till the dead Carcaſe was diſcover'd. This Accident has prov'd ſo fatal to the Farmer, that he has ſince loſt his whole Stock of Cattle by the infected Beaſt's being buried in his Ground.—The Drover is under Proſecution, and it's thought will pay great Coſts.

They write from Weymouth, that a few Days ſince a Company of Comedians, who were performing the Tragedy of Cato, were ſurpriz'd in the Second Act, while the Senate was ſitting, by a Lieutenant of a Man of War, and ſome Tars attending him. It ſeems Mr. Cato had run away from his Ship, and the Tars having got Scent of him, made bold to borrow him from the midſt of his Senators. This Affair threw all the Players into great Confuſion, and happy was he that could eſcape firſt. It had ſuch an Effect on the Princeſs Marcia, that ſhe was deliver'd of a young Prince before ſhe could get to her Lodgings, for it ſeems the virtuous Maid had permitted the young Numidian the laſt Favour long before Marriage; however the Ladies of the Place immediately made a handſome Collection for her, and have promiſed to continue their Kindneſs till ſhe is able to ſet out for Numidia, where her *Black*-Guards impatiently expect her Arrival.

The laſt Letters from Cumberland confirm the Account publiſh'd of the Coals Pits being on fire near Whitehaven; and mention that it was become a very ſhocking and dreadful Scene; a prodigious Quantity of Smoak, Earth, Pieces of Timber, and Materials uſed in the Works, being continually thrown of the Pit, with an inconceivable Noiſe and ſhaking of the Earth; inſomuch, that the Inhabitants were every Minute afraid their Houſes would come down. There were no leſs than ſix Pits on fire, and what the Conſequence may be is not to be imagin'd.

The Purſer of the Ship that came laſt from the Eaſt-Indies arriv'd laſt Tueſday at the India-Houſe, and gives an Account, that Fort St. George was ranſom'd for 11000 Begoras, about 7s. 6d. each Sterling, excluſive of the Company's Effects. It does not appear that the French made any other Priſoners at Fort St. George and Madraſs, than the Military that guarded the Fort, who capitulated on their being offered theſe Terms, viz. That the Garriſon of Fort St George ſhould be ſent to Fort St. David's upon their Parole; but that by the Articles of this Capitulation, they ſhould be diſabled from ſerving againſt the French: However, after the French Ships were loſt with all their Capture on Board, they violated the Articles of Capitulation, and ſent the Company's Military to Ponticherry as Priſoners.

The Haughton, Capt. Croſby, from St. Kitt's for Boſton, is taken and carried into Martinico,

The Greenwich, Gilly, from Montſerrat, is taken and carried into Granville.

The Prince William, Hull, from Oporto to Hull, is taken and carried into Breſt.

The Speedwell, Mooris, from Carolina, is arriv'd off Plymouth; who had been taken by two French Merchant-Ships bound to Canada, and ranſomed for 600 l.

The Roebuck, from Biddeford for Virginia, the Mary, Prince, from Boſton for Falmouth, and the Neptune, Weſton from Liverpool for Philadelphia, are all taken and carried to Bayonne.

The Lords of the Admiralty have appointed a ſtrong Convoy to be ready to ſail in three Weeks from Spithead, with all the Merchant Ships bound to the Mediterranean.

We have Advice, that the Brigantine Privateer Capt. Leyton, has taken a large French Privateer of 16 Carriage Guns 9 Pounders; ſhe was taken near the Bermuda Iſlands, bound for the Weſt-Indies from Nantz.

Thurſday came Advice, that the Blanchard's-Adventure, Edmonds, from Hamburgh for Cowes, is loſt near Dungeneſs.

Letters from Francfort aſſure us, that all the Towns in Alſace are ſo deſtitute of Troops, that there are ſcarce enough to mount Guard; which makes it conjectur'd, that Things will this Summer remain very quiet on the Side of the Rhine.

Some Letters from the Army under Count Schulemburg mention, that the Genoeſe, having anſwered in ſo haughty a Manner to the Terms offered them, had determined Count Schulemburg to uſe gentle Means no longer, but to reduce the City to a Heap of Rubbiſh, as an Example to Poſterity. And the laſt Letters from Turin affirm, that the Auſtrian Artillery was all got to the Bochetta.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer in the Allied Army in Flanders, dated from Weſtmael, April 25. O.S.

"The Part in which we are encamped at preſent, was poſſeſſed by the French juſt before we entered it, by which means they had an Opportunity, to plunder or deſtroy all the Proviſions in and about it; which muſt neceſſarily render them very ſcarce. Meat is mighty dear, Butter, Cheeſe, Bacon, &c. are a Shilling a Pound; which makes the Soldiers ſubſiſt chiefly in their Ammunition Loaf and a little Gin. As to the Army it is compoſed of Engliſh, Hanoverians, Heſſians, Imperialiſts, Hungarains, Bavavarians, Dutch, and actually amounts to 130,000 Men; and our Train conſiſts of 400 Field Pieces, beſides Cohorns, &c. We lie within two Stones-throw of Antwerp; and our Cannon and Mortars have been playing Night and Day for above a Week, againſt a ſtrong Paſs, which keeps us from entering Brabant; the Frontier of which Duchy, the French have garriſoned very ſtrongly. Our heavy Artillery is hourly expected to arrive in order to attempt a Siege. In ſhort, we have all the Prognoſtication of a bloody Campaign."

We have an Account from a Gentlemen who lately came thro' the French Army in Flanders, that they were ſtrongly entrenched behind the Rivers Demer and Scheld; that the Motions for taking the Field were very ſlow, and the private Men ſeemed to be under great Apprehenſions at the Strength of the Allied Army; alſo at his Royal Highneſs the Duke's commanding them in Chief: In the whole, it was thought the French would act on the Defenſive this Campaign, and endeavour to preſerve the Acquiſitions at preſent in their Poſſeſſion.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Admiralty-Office, May 2. The 24th paſt, about Nine in the Morning, his Majeſty's Ship the Lys, and the Weazle Sloop, Part of Commodore Michell's Squadron, being on a Cruize off Dunkirk, diſcovered Ships to the Weſtward, to which they gave Chace; about Two the Lys came up with one of the largeſt, and gave her a Broadſide; upon which ſhe ſtruck. She is a Privateer, called the Charlotte, mounts 10 Guns, and had 110 Men on board.

The Weazle likewiſe came up with and took another Privateer-Dogger, called the Gorgonne, with 58 Men, and ſix Carriage and four Swivel Guns.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Canterbury, May 2. Laſt Monday Morning a melancholy Accident happened at the Jail of this City, between James Hoy and Derby Maher, two Rebel Priſoners: They quarrell'd the Night before, and Maher told Hoy he uſed him ill, and would fight him; to which Hoy replied, If he came near him he would thruſt the Knife he had in his Hand up to the Handle in his Heart. Maher attempted to take his Knife away from him, but Hoy thruſt it with great Force into his Left Breaſt, of which Wound he died on Tueſday Night. His Body was opened by two eminent Surgeons, who found the Knife had penetrated the Pericardium. The Coroner's Inqueſt ſat on his Body, and found James Hoy guilty of wilful Murder; and it's not doubted but he will meet with a juſt Puniſhment for ſo barbarous a Crime. We hear that as ſoon as the Wound was given, the other Rebel Priſoners would have hung up Hoy directly, if they had not been prevented, he having ſome Time ago ſtabb'd two other Men in a very dangerous Manner.

Newcaſtle, May 2. Laſt Monday died at his Houſe in Pilgrim-ſtreet, Cuthbert Fenwick, Eſq; one of the worthy Aldermen of this Corporation, and Brother to the preſent Mayor; to whoſe Son, Robert Fenwick, Eſq; of Lemington, he has left the Bulk of his Fortune.

Glouceſter, May 2. They write from Carmarthen, that the Aſſizes ended there the Week before laſt, when the noted Captain William Owen received Sentence of Death for Houſebreaking and Murder.

We hear from Wantage in the County of Berks, that between Five and Six o'Clock in the Evening of the 24th ult. the following melancholy Accident happen'd there, viz. A Man in opening a Paſſage from a Neceſſary Houſe to a Well, was ſo overcome by the Stench thereof, that he dropp'd from the Ladder, and was ſuffocated; as was another, through the ſame Cauſe, in attempting to ſave him: They were both afterwards taken up dead, and one of them has left a Wife (who is now breeding) and four Children.

Another Perſon had like to have met with the ſame Fate, but happily had a Rope tied about him, whereby he was ſav'd, tho' dead to Appearance for ſome Time after he was drawn up.

On Wedneſday laſt died at Tirley, in this County, James Clarke, aged 110 Years. He retained his Senſes to the laſt.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, April 28. Yeſterday died at her Lodging here, Margaret Counteſs Dowager of Balcarres, Widow of Colin, Earl of Balcarres, a Daughter of the Earl of Loudon.

Laſt Friday died Mr. Alexander Dunlop, Profeſſor of Greek in the Univerſity of Glaſgow.

Edinburgh, April 30. The Second Battalion of Royals, and Lord Loudon's Highland Regiment, are order'd immediately to embark for Flanders. The former is to be at Burntiſland on Tueſday next.

Laſt Tueſday the very Reverend Synod of Lothian and Tweedale met, when the Rev. Mr. Carliſle, Miniſter of Preſton-pans, was choſen Moderator. That Night the Caſe of the Pariſh of Borrowſtounneſs came in before them; and after Reaſoning, the Preſbytery of Lithgow were appointed to proceed to the Settlement of Mr. Patrick Baillie, Probationer; upon which an Appeal was lodged to the General Aſſembly. Yeſterday came on the Caſe of the Pariſh of Cockburnſmith, and the Synod appointed a Moderation at large to the two Preſentees, againſt which an Appeal was alſo lodged to the General Aſſembly.

IRELAND.

Dublin, April 28. Laſt Saturday was married at the Town of Caledon, Mr. James Byrnes, born deaf and dumb, to Miſs Ann Hichlin, an agreeable young Lady, with a handſome Fortune.

Yeſterday one Conelly was tried and convicted of uttering a forged Note to one Mr. Harbourne, knowing it to be ſuch; for which Crime he will be tranſported.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

HOLLAND.

Hague, April 30, *O. S.* Letters from Hulſt of the 28th inſtant, arrived this Morning, adviſe, "That Lieutenant-General de la Roque having received his heavy Artillery, had made Uſe of it with ſo much Advantage, that the French, who had made a freſh Attack upon Fort Sandberg in the Night between the 27th and 28th, had not only been repulſed with Loſs, but even diſlodged from the Poſt which they were in Poſſeſſion of at the Foot of the Fort; and that all their Batteries had been abſolutely diſmounted or ſilenc'd by the Fire which the Beſieged made from their heavy Artillery and Mortars: That in ſhort there was room to hope, with the Divine aſſiſtance, that a Stop would be put at Hulſt to the Progreſs of the Enemy, who in four unſucceſsful Attacks againſt the above-mentioned Fort, had already, without Exaggeration, above 2000 Men killed. That our Troops were in good Spirits, and expected every Moment a freſh Reinforcement.

P.S. This Afternoon a Guard was ſent to the Hotel d'Orange, conſiſting of 72 Men, with a Captain, and a Lieutenant and Enſign, and two Centinels on Horſeback; and it's aſſured, that the Prince Stadholder will arrive To-morrow. A Courier is juſt arrived this Evening from Hulſt, with a confirmation of the above News, and alſo brings an Account, that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland is arrived at that Place in Perſon, at the Head of 10000 Men; that the French are retiring, and that our People have already retaken ſome of the advanced Forts."

SWEDEN.

Stockholm, April 13. The Phyſician Blackwell, having endeavoured to ſave himſelf only by Subterfuges every time he has appeared before the Commiſſioners, has lately undergone a kind of Torture practiſed no where but in Sweden. He was put entirely naked into a Vault full of Mud, which took him up to his Neck. He had the Conſtancy to remain fourteen Hours in this Situation, at the End of which Time, being in imminent Danger of Suffocation, thro' the Impoſſibility of keeping his Head up any longer, he begg'd to be taken out, and reveal'd all the Miſteries of Iniquity he had been concerned in. By his Confeſſions great Diſcoveries have been made, particularly with regard to ſecret Correſpondences, of which he had the Direction.

BANKRUPTS.

William Gray, now late of Addle-ſtreet, London, Cabinet Maker.

Thomas Raby, of the Pariſh of Chriſt Church, in the County of Middleſex, Dealer and Chapman.

David Briſtow, of Ryegate, in the County of Surry, Linnendraper and Chapman.

May 1, *was publiſhed,*

With his MAJESTY's ROYAL LICENCE,

(Price Five Shillings in Boards)

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From the earlieſt Account of Time.

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PROPOSALS, with a further Account of the WORK, and particularly of the preſent Edition, may be had, gratis, of T. OSBORNE, in Gray's Inn; A. MILLAR, in the Strand; J. OSBORN, in Pater-noſter-Row; and of all the Bookſellers in Great-Britain and Ireland: By whom Subſcriptions are taken in.

N. B. This Work is already ſufficiently known to the Learned World, and ſo univerſally eſteem'd as to be tranſlated into *Italian, French* and *Dutch.*

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The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS, *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them,*

A Few Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Incl nation and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick; nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Decienſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, (or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, that, in itſelf, it is ſo ſufficiently nutritious as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way, yet but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in ſome Degree, at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſculi Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cherriſhes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb, in Women, the Lankneſs and Dryneſs of the former, and the Foulneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility, in the one Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſide; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a continued Uſe of the common Preparations of Vipers, which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience its admirable quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a preſent Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneously animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and conſummate where it could hardly be expected, and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Prolifick. Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven-Stars in Vere-Street, Clare-Market-ſcaled up, with Directions (for any Meſſenger) upon a Penny for only a Bottle of Quinteſſence.

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THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreame and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms; tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only appolite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Thoſe who suſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewiſe, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themselves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſes of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Peruſal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes whether occaſion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollatio ſui, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain, since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption, which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old ſtubborn Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they muſt aſſuredly may, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleet known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to right and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is a wonderful Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels, to an immenſe Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten time, as much, and by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whomſoever carefully reads will be complete Maſter of his own Caſe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with proceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Diſeaſe is intirely extirpated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamick Electuary.

CONFECTIO POTENTISSIMA.

Or, The moſt *Powerful Reſtorative Confect* in Nature For Impotency in *Men* and Barrenneſs in *Women*,

IS delightful to the Palate, moſt agreeable and cordial to the Stomach, enriches the Blood, encreaſes the Spirits, invigorates the Nerves, and perfectly renovates all the Animal Faculties, and generative Powers, in both Sexes, to ſuch a Degree, as Words can ſcarcely expreſs; and yet acts not only by a ſtimulating Quality, or blowing up a Flame, but by adding a true Pabulum Amoris, a kindly Fuel, by which Nature is in a Manner regenerated, and ſo much Strength, Vigour, and Ability, immediately given, that Impotency, and every Kind of Weakneſs, or Imbecility in the Male Sex, and Barrenneſs, and all Sorts of Weakneſs, and Inappetency to conjugal Rites in the Female Sex, are moſt infallibly and directly cured by it, in a very pleaſant and highly agreeable Manner, infinitely beyond what any other Remedy can accompliſh. Decays of every Kind in either Sex, and all Seminal Weakneſſes, however occaſioned, it almoſt inſtantly cures, when nothing elſe will, and can be had only, by the Author's Appointment, at the Gentlewoman's at the two Blue Poſts, in Haydon-Yard, in the Minories, London, at five Shillings a Pot, with printed Directions at large.

The only ſhort and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived to the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without any ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable miſtake, is generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, doat once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids, cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them; inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes, which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

PARALYTICON SEU ANIMA NERVORUM.

A ſtupendous Chymical Eſſence which infallibly cures the PALSY and all other Nervous Diſeaſes.

THE very firſt Doſe of it (a few Drops only) inſtantly penetrates the inmoſt Receſſes of the minuteſt Nerves, and darting all moſt as quick as Lightning through the whole human Syſtem, diffuſes kindly Warmth and genial Comfort to the weaken'd Limbs, and all Parts of the Body, and affords immediate ſenſible Relief in the moſt obſtinate Palſy, and all Paralytick Affects, Shaking, Trembling, Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and Weakneſs, whether univerſal, or of particular Parts only, or whether lately contracted, or of many Years Continuance.

And as the very firſt Doſe makes an apparent demonſtrable Amendment, ſo the continuing it for a ſhort Time, as ſurely accompliſhes a perfect Cure, not only of the moſt grievous Palſy or Reſolution of the Sinews, but alſo of their Cramp-like Contractions, ſhrinking of the Nerves, and all other nervous Complaints whatever, and than it Perſons of either Sex, or of any Age, and whether occaſioned by preceeding Illneſſes, faſt Living, hard Drinking, long Courſes of Phyſick, great Colds, or exceſſive Fatigues either of Mind or Body.

Words cannot ſufficiently expreſs the uncommon, the unparallel'd Efficacy of this great Medicine, as all who take it, frankly acknowledge; and its vaſtly ſuperior Excellency to all other Remedies, may be more ſecurely rely'd on, for the abſolute Cure of the Palſy, and all Paralytick Affects, and Nervous Indiſpoſitions, than the celebrated Cortex is for Intermittents.

It rectifies all Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, creates an Appetite procures a good Digeſtion, enriches the Blood, reſtores the natural Vigour and ſteady Uſe of the Limbs, and ſtrengthens the enfeebled Joints, Muſcles, Tendons, Ligaments, and whole Habit to an immenſe Degree. It is alſo very pleaſant to take; is comforting and cordial to the Stomach and Bowels, and for Safety might be given to the youngeſt Infant. It is to be had only, by the Author's Appointment, at Mr. Radford's Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with printed Directions at large.

Dr. R. NELSON's *long-experienced* COMPOUND, *or never-failing Anti-Venereal Electuary, the like of which is not to be met with,*

FOR the true Cure of freſh Veneral Injuries, (and all the lurking Relicks or Remains of old ones) how virulent or obſtinate ſoever they may be; for it immediately puts a Stop to their Progreſs, and entirely, and, as it were, inſtantly, ferrets out, and carries off all the filthy poiſonous Infection, wears away the various Symptoms, and by Degrees cleanſes off the Running, and heals and ſtrengthens the Parts, ſenſibly and firmly, without the too common Conſequences of leaving either Foulneſs, Gleeting, or Weakneſs behind. This it does in a Way ſo regular and gentle, both by Stool and Urine, and with a Doſe, each Time, ſo ſmall and pleaſant (the Quantity but of a Nutmeg) that the niceſt Perſons are as well ſurprized as delighted with it, and the more, as it agrees with every one's Conſtitution, hinders no Buſineſs, nor gives the leaſt Suſpicion to the neareſt Relation.

In a very ſmall Space of Time (living temperately) it rids away a mild CLAP, and thoſe more ſevere, according to their ſeveral Degrees of Maligonity.

There never was, nor can be in the whole Art of Phyſick contrived, any Medicine or Method capable of performing the Cure more certainly, more ſafely, or more ſpeedily, for it is ſo compleatly adapted to every Circumſtance of the Infection, and ſo fully anſwers the ſeveral Intentions of curing, that it is impoſſible it ſhould once fail.

But no more need to be ſaid of it, for it will recommend it ſelf, inſomuch that no Perſon will ever after ſeek for Cure himſelf, or adviſe his Friend to any other Remedy.

Price 5s. the Tin-Pot. Prepar'd only by the Doctor, as abovemade and left (ſealed up with Directions) at Mr. Corbet's Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleet-ſtreet, and by Mr. Cook, under the Royal-Exchange; where it may be had by any Meſſenger, asking only for a 5s. Pot of the COMPOUND.

The ſo-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, ſo as never to return again, tho' they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Unealineſs in the Bowels; which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Flatuſhing Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other, almoſt innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſomuch fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, reſtifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

Venereal Treatiſe, &c.

Green Hatch Holborn

IN Which, In the Chapter, Under the Title, Of the Beginning of a Venereal Injury, Any Venereal, or GLEET Patient, will Plainly See their OWN Caſe Deſcribed, To Know it Perfectly by without Any Farther Advice.

And How to Cure themſelves Privately, Without Telling their Caſe to Any One. With The Famous Montpellier Little Eaſy Bolus, the Bignets of Only a PEA, to Take. And Which,

Makes the Perſon Eaſy At Once, tho' Before, in Great Miſery. And, Another Little BOLUS, Carries off a Venereal Infection, and Foulneſs of a GLEET.

The Succeſs of this Peculiar Venereal Specifick Medicine is ſo Great, that Not One of the Numbers, that Daily Take it, Miſs of having the Venereal Infection Carried off by it.

This being that Great Specifick Medicine, which, During the Many Years, it has been now Publiſhed, has Gained a Reputation, far beyond Other Medicines, On Account of it's Two following Properties.

Viz. That TWO Only of theſe moſt eaſy (being the Bigneſs of a PEA) to take Little Boluſſes, in Common Venereal Injuries,

And FOUR only of them in Worſe Caſes, Carry off a Venereal Infection, without Telling your Caſe, or Suſpicion, Even to a Bedfellow.——— So that,

What Other Medicines are Long About, and Betray the Perſon into the Bargain, This little Medicine performs a Shorter Way, without any Trouble, making the Perſon Eaſy At Once, tho' Before in Great Miſery, ſo that Perſons moſt Miſerably Harraſſed with a Running, Scalding of Urine, Cordee, Sores on the Urinary Part, &c. having been Soon Privately Well by it.

Price Only 2s. Sealed Up, with Full Directions, Along with it, ——— For Thoſe who BUY it. —— But,

It is GIVEN, Without Paying at all, for it,

To Thoſe, Mention'd in the Chapter, Under the Title, Of Having this Bolus GIVEN GRATIS, in the Above mentioned Venereal Treatiſe,

Which is Given Gratis, At Dr. Ruſſel's Houſe,

In the Parlour, Strait Forward Facing the Entry, In at the GREEN HATCH, againſt Gray's-Inn, HOLBORN.

This Incomparable Little BOLUS, is the Only SHORT Cure of the Venereal Diſeaſe, ONE or TWO of them Performing a Cure, which Large Quantities of Other Medicines, Taken Before, could not do.

And This it is, that has, During the Many Years it has been publiſhed, Gained it ſuch a Vaſt Reputation, and made it it Daily ſo Eſteemed, for its ſo Immediately carrying off a Venereal Infection, and the Foulneſs of a GLEET.—That

Not One of the Medicines Publiſhed for the Diſtemper come up to it, for ſo Short, Eaſy, and Private a Cure—That

Perſons Haraſſed with a Troubleſome Running, Smarting of Urine, Cordee, Pains, &c. have been ſo Very Soon Well by it, and No Body has Known Any thing of it.

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